No. 47992

Lithuania and Ukraine

Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Lithuania and the Government of Ukraine for the promotion and reciprocal protection of investments. Vilnius, 8 February 1994

Entry into force: 6 March 1995 by notification, in accordance with article 12

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Lituanie

et

Ukraine

Accord entre le Gouvernement de la République de Lituanie et le Gouvernement de la République d'Ukraine relatif à la promotion et à la protection réciproque des investissements. Vilnius, 8 février 1994

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[ENGLISH TEXT – TEXTE ANGLAIS]

AGREEMENT

BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF LITHUANIA AND

THE GOVERNMENT OF UKRAINE

FOR THE PROMOTION AND RECIPROCAL PROTECTION OF INVESTMENTS

The Government of the Republic of Lithuania and the Government of Ukraine (hereinafter referred to as the "Contracting Parties"),

Desiring to intensify economic cooperation to the mutual benefit of both States,

Intending to create and maintain favourable conditions for investments of investors of one State in the territory of the other State, and

Conscious that the promotion and reciprocal protection of investments, according to the present Agreement, stimulates the business initiatives in this field,

Have agreed as follows:

DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Agreement:

1. The term "investment" shall comprise every kind of asset invested by an investor of the Contracting Party in the territory of the other Contracting Party in accordance with the laws and regulations of the latter and shall include, in particular, though not exclusively:

/a/ movable and immovable property as well as any other property rights such as mortgages, liens, pledges, and similar rights;

/b/ shares, stocks and debentures of companies or any other form of participation in a company;

/c/ claims to money or to any performance having an economic value;

/d/ intellectual property rights, including copyrights, trade and service marks, patents, industrial designs, technical processes, know-how, trade secrets, trade names and goodwill;

/e/ any right conferred by law or under contract and any licenses and permits pursuant to law, including the concessions to search for, extract, cultivate or exploit natural resources.

Any alternation of the form in which assets are invested shall not affect their character as investment provided that such an alteration is made in accordance with the laws of the Contracting Party in the territory of which the investment has been made.

2. "Investor" means:

/a/ in respect of the Republic of Lithuania:

- natural persons who are nationals of the Republic of Lithuania according to Lithuanian laws;

- any entity established in the territory of the Republic of Lithuania in conformity with its laws and regulations;

/b/ in respect of Ukraine:

- natural person who are nationals of the Ukraine according to Ukrainian laws;

- any entity established in the territory of the Ukraine in conformity with its laws and regulations;

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/c/ in respect of either Contracting Party - any entity or organization established under the law of any third State which is, directly or indirectly, controlled by nationals of that Contracting Party or by entities having their seat in the territory of that Contracting Party; it being understood that control requires a substantial part in the ownership.

3. The term "returns" shall mean amounts yielded by an investment and in particular, though not exclusively, includes profits, interest, capital gains, shares, dividends, royalties or fees.

4. The term "territory" shall mean in respect of each Contracting Party the territory under its sovereignty and the sea and submarine areas over which the Contracting Party exercises, in conformity with international law, sovereignty, sovereign rights or jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 2

PROMOTION AND PROTECTION OF INVESTMENTS

1. Each Contracting Party shall encourage and create favourable conditions for investors of the other Contracting Party to make investments in its territory and, shall admit such investments, in accordance with its laws and regulations.

2. Investments of investors of either Contracting Party shall at all times enjoy full protection and security in the territory of the other Contracting Party.

ARTICLE 3

MOST-FAVOURED-NATION TREATMENT

1. Each Contracting Party shall in its territory accord to investments and returns of investors of the other Contracting Party treatment which is fair and equitable and not less favourable than that which it accords to investments and returns of investors of any third State.

2. Each Contracting Party shall in its territory accord to investors of the other Contracting Party, as regards management, maintenance, use, enjoyment or disposal of their investment, treatment which is fair and equitable and not less favourable than that which it accords to investors of any third State. 3. The provisions of paragraph 1 and 2 of this Article shall not be construed so as to oblige one Contracting Party to extend to the investors of the other the benefit of any treatment, preference or privilege which may be extended by the former Contracting Party by virtue of:

/a/ any customs union or free trade area or a monetary union or similar international agreements leading to such unions or institutions or other forms of regional cooperation to which either of the Contracting Party is or may become a Party;

/b/ any international agreement or arrangement relating wholly or mainly to taxation or any domestic legislation on taxation.

ARTICLE 4

COMPENSATION FOR LOSSES

1. When investments by investors of either Contracting Party suffer losses owing to war, armed conflict, a state of a national emergency, revolt, insurrection, riot or other similar events in the territory of the other Contracting Party, they shall be accorded by the latter Contracting Party treatment, as regards restitution, indemnification, compensation or other settlement, not less favourable than that which the latter Contracting Party accords to its own investors or to investors of any third State.

2. Without projudice to paragraph 1 of this Article, investors of one Contracting Party who in any of the events referred to in that paragraph suffer losses in the territory of the other Contracting Party resulting from:

/a/ requisitioning of their property by its forces or authorities;

/b/ destruction of their property by its forces or authorities which was not caused in combat action or was not required by the necessity of the situation

shall be accorded just and adequate compensation for the losses sustained during the period of the requisitioning or as a result of the destruction of the property. Resulting payments shall be freely transferable in freely convertible currency without delay.

EXPROPRIATION

1. Investments of investors of either Contracting Party shall not be nationalised, expropriated or subjected to measures having effect equivalent to natioanlisation or expropriation (hereinafter referred to as "expropriation") in the territory of the other Contracting Party except for a public purpose. The expropriation shall be carried out under due process of law, on a nondiscriminatory basis and shall be accompanied by provisions for the payment of prompt, adequate and effective compensation. Such compensation for the benefit of an investor shall be equivalent to the market value of the investment expropriated immediately before expropriation or the impending expropriation became public knowledge. The compensation shall include interest calculated on the LIBOR basis from the date of expropriation, shall be made without delay, shall be effectively realizable and shall be freely transferable in freely convertible currency.

2. The investor affected shall have a right, to prompt renew, by a judicial or other independent authority of that Contracting Party, of his or its case and of the valuation of his or its investment in accordance with the principles set out in this Article.

3. The provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article shall also apply where a Contracting Party expropriates the assets of a company which is incorporated or constituted under the law in force in any part of its own territory, and in which investors of the other Contracting Party own shares.

4. Investors referred to in Article 1, paragraph 2, point (c), may not raise claims under paragraphs of this Article if compensation has been paid pursuant to a similar provision in another Investment Protection Agreement concluded by the Contracting Party in the territory of which the investment has been made.

ARTICLE 6

TRANSFERS

1. The Contracting Parties shall guarantee the transfer of payments related to investments and returns. The transfers shall be made in a freely-convertible currency, without any restriction and undue delay. Such transfers shall include in particular, though not exclusively: /a/ capital and additional amounts to maintain or increase the investment, the capital investment;

/b/ profits, interest, dividends and other current income;

/c/ funds in repayment of loans;

/d/ royalties or fees;

/e/ proceeds of sale or liquidation of the investment;

/f/ the earnings of natural persons subject to the laws and regulations of the Contracting Party, in which investments have been made;

/g/ compensations provided for in Articles 4 and 5.

2. For the purpose of this Agreement, exchange rates shall be the official rates effective for the current transactions at the date of transfer, unless otherwise agreed.

ARTICLE 7

SUBROGATION

1. If a Contracting Party or its designated agency makes payment to its own investors under a guarantee it has accorded in respect of an investment in the territory of the other Contracting Party, the latter Contracting Party shall recognize:

/a/ the assignment, whether under the law or pursuant to a legal transaction in that country, of any right or claim by the investor to the former Contracting Party or its designated agency, as well as,

/b/ that the former Contracting Party or its designated agency is entitled by virtue of subrogation to exercise the rights and enforce the claims of that investor and shall assume the obligations related to the investment.

2. The subjugated rights or claims shall not exceed the original rights or claims of the investor.

SETTLEMENT OF INVESTMENT DISPUTES BETWEEN A CONTRACTING PARTY AND AN INVESTOR OF THE OTHER CONTRACTING PARTY

1. Any dispute which may arise between an investor of one Contracting Party and the other Contracting Party in connection with an investment on the territory of that other Contracting Party shall be subject to negotiations between the parties in dispute.

2. If any dispute between an investor of one Contracting Party and the other Contracting Party can not be thus settled within a period of six months, the investor shall be entitled to submit the case either to:

/a/ The International Center for Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID) having regard to the applicable provisions of the Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of other States opened for signature at Washington D.C. on 18 March 1965, in the event both Contracting Parties shall have become a party to this Convention; or

/b/ an arbitrator or international ad hoc arbitral tribunal established under the Arbitration Rules of the United Nations Commission of International Trade Law (UNCITRAL). The parties to the dispute may agree in writing to modify these Rules. The arbitral awards shall be final and binding on both Parties to the dispute.

ARTICLE 9

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES BETWEEN THE CONTRACTING PARTIES

1. Disputes between the Contracting Parties concerning the interpretation or application of this Agreement shall, if possible, be settled through consultation or negotiation.

2. If the dispute cannot be thus settled within six months, it shall upon the request of either Contracting Party, be submitted to an Arbitral Tribunal in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

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3. The Arbitral Tribunal shall be constituted for each individual case in the following way. Within two months of the receipt of the request for arbitration, each Contracting Party shall appoint one member of the Tribunal. These two members shall then select a national of a third State who on approval of the two Contracting Parties shall be appointed Chairman of the Tribunal (hereinafter referred to as the "Chairman"). The Chairman shall be appointed within three months from the date of appointment of the other two members.

4. If within the periods specified in paragraph 3 of this Article the necessary appointments have not been made, a request may be made to the President of the International Court of Justice to make the appointments. If he happens to be a national of either Contracting Party, or if he is otherwise prevented from discharging the said function, the Vice-President shall be invited to make the appointments. If the Vice-President also happens to be a national of either Contracting Party or is prevented from discharging the said function, the member of the International Court of Justice next in seniority who is not a national of either Contracting Party shall be invited to make the appointments.

5. The Arbitral Tribunal shall reach its decision by a majority of votes. Such decision shall be binding. Each Contracting Party shall bear the cost of its own arbitrator and its representation in the arbitral proceedings; the cost of the Chairman and the remaining costs shall be borne in equal parts by both Contracting Parties. The Arbitral Tribunal may decide that a higher proportion of costs shall be borne by one of the Contracting Party and such award shall be binding on both Contracting Parties. The Arbitral Tribunal shall determine its own procedure.

ARTICLE 10

APPLICATION OF OTHER RULES AND SPECIAL COMMITMENTS

1. Where a matter is governed simultaneously both by this Agreement and by another international agreement to which both Contracting Parties are parties, nothing in this Agreement shall prevent either Contracting Party or any of its investors who own investments in the territory of the other Contracting Party from taking advantage of whichever rules are more favourable to his case.

2. If the treatment to be accorded by one Contracting Party to investors of the other Contracting Party in accordance with its laws and regulations or other specific provisions of contracts is more favourable shall be accorded.¹

¹ Published as submitted.

APPLICABILITY OF THIS AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall apply to investments made by investors of one Contracting Party in the territory of the other Contracting Party prior as well as after the entry into force of this Agreement in accordance with its laws and regulations.

ARTICLE 12

ENTRY INTO FORCE, DURATION AND TERMINATION

1. Each of the Contracting Parties shall notify the other of the completion of the procedures required by its law for bringing this Agreement into force. This Agreement shall enter into force on the date of the second notification.

2. This Agreement shall remain in force for a period of ten years. It shall continue to be in force thereafter for unlimited period until the expiration of twelve months from the date on which either Contracting Party shall have given written notice of termination to the other. After a period of ten years the Agreement can be terminated at any time upon notice of twelve months before the date of expiration.

3. In respect of investments made prior to the termination of this Agreement, the provisions of this Agreement shall continue to be effective for a period of ten years from the date of termination.

ARTICLE 13

CONSULTATIONS

Upon request by either Contracting Party, the other Contracting Party shall agree promptly to hold consultations on the interpretation and application of this Agreement.

AMENDMENTS

The provisions of this Agreement may be amended at any time in such manner as may be agreed between the Contracting Parties. Such amendments shall enter into force when the Contracting Parties have notified each other that all necessary constitutional formalities for its entry into force have been completed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned duly authorized have signed this Agreement.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF LITHUANIA

Marta /

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF UKRAINE

R. C.